Managed Investment Scheme SCH11747

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

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Managed Investment Scheme SCH11747

#### DIRECTORY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

**General Partner:** 

Silverwood Corporation Limited (362973)

NZBN 9429039548511

**Nature of Business:** 

Land Owner

**Business Address:** 

C/- Tiedemann & Partners

PO Box 84-101

Westgate, Auckland 0657

**Registered Office:** 

Geoff Bowker CA

Level 3, 142 Broadway

Newmarket, Auckland 1023

**Board of Directors:** 

Peter Bradney Bould

Anthony Sydney Loveday

Peter Tiedemann

Eoin Malcom Johnson (ceased 10 October 2019)

IRD Number:

119-590-858

Bankers:

Bank of New Zealand

Auckland

Solicitors:

Claymore Partners Limited

Auckland

**Auditor:** 

**KPMG** 

Tauranga

Statutory Supervisor:

Covenant Trustee Company Ltd

Auckland



## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Partners of Silverwood Land 2015 Limited Partnership

#### Report on the financial statements

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of Silverwood Land 2015 Limited Partnership (the Partnership) on pages 5 to 18:

- Present fairly in all material respects the Partnership's financial position as at 31 March 2020 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year ended on that date; and
- ii. Comply with New Zealand Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements which comprise:

- The statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020;
- The statements of comprehensive income, changes in net assets attributable to Partners and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- Notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.



#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) ('ISAs (NZ)'). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We are independent of the Partnership in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 (Revised) Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Our responsibilities under ISAs (NZ) are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

Other than in our capacity as auditor we have no relationship with, or interests in, the Partnership.



#### **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements in the current period. We summarise below those matters and our key audit procedures to address those matters in order that the Partners as a body may better understand the process by which we arrived at our audit opinion. Our procedures were undertaken in the context of and solely for the purpose of our statutory audit opinion on the financial statements as a whole and we do not express discrete opinions on separate elements of the financial statements.



#### The key audit matter

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

#### Sundry receivables and contingent assets relating to past land transactions

Refer to Note 4 to the Financial Statements.

In financial year 2016 the New Zealand Transport Agency (NZTA) and Porirua City Council (PCC) completed a 'land take' exercise for the Transmission Gully Motorway. As a result the Partnership no longer has title to the land and so it has correctly not reflected any value for the land in the financial statements.

The Partnership is seeking additional compensation from NZTA and PCC for the 'land take' under the provision of the Public Works Act 1981. In relation to this claim, the Partnership has capitalised certain costs on the basis that the costs are recoverable from NZTA and PCC and the recovery is considered highly probable. The capitalised costs have therefore been recognised as a sundry receivable in the financial statements.

The Partnership has not recorded a receivable for any further compensation, as the amount is currently unknown and is dependent upon future events.

The accounting treatment of capitalised costs and additional compensation from NZTA and PCC requires significant judgement by the Partnership.

Our audit procedures included

- Interviewing management to obtain an understanding of the current status of proceedings;
- Enquiring with the Partnership's legal representatives as to the current status of proceedings and the likelihood for recovery of the capitalised costs included within sundry receivables;
- Reviewing legal documents and correspondence with counter-parties and challenging management's conclusions on proceedings;
- On a sample basis, testing sundry receivables movement in the current year to supporting documentation to ensure they are related to the 'land take' and therefore are appropriate to capitalise as an asset; and
- Evaluating the likelihood of further compensation and the quantum thereof.



#### Other information

The Directors, on behalf of the Partnership, are responsible for the other information included in the entity's financial statements. Other information includes the Directory. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover any other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



#### Use of this independent auditor's report

This independent auditor's report is made solely to the Partners as a body. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Partners those matters we are required to state to them in the independent auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Partners as a body for our audit work, this independent auditor's report, or any of the opinions we have formed.





#### Responsibilities of the Directors for the financial statements

The Directors of the General Partner, on behalf of the Partnership, are responsible for:

- The preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted
  accounting practice in New Zealand (being New Zealand Equivalents to International Financial Reporting
  Standards) and International Financial Reporting Standards;
- Implementing necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a set of financial statements that is fairly presented and free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- Assessing the ability to continue as a going concern. This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objective is:

- To obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- To issue an independent auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs NZ will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of these financial statements is located at the External Reporting Board (XRB) website at:

http://www.xrb.govt.nz/standards-for-assurance-practitioners/auditors-responsibilities/audit-report-2/

This description forms part of our independent auditor's report.

The engagement Partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Glenn Keaney.

For and on behalf of

KPMG

KPMG Tauranga

12 May 2020

#### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

|  | Note   | 2020      | 2019      |
|--|--------|-----------|-----------|
|  |        | \$        | \$        |
| Land Revenue   | 1      | 295,000   | 2,272,562 |
| Total Revenue  |        | 295,000   | 2,272,562 |
| Cost of Land   |        | (919,325) | (483,328) |
| Total Direct Costs   |        | (919,325) | (483,328) |
| Total Gross Margin   |        | (624,325) | 1,789,234 |
| Administrative and Other Operating Expenses                        | 2<br>2 | (154,971) | (202,571) |
| Marketing Costs  | 2      | (33,854)  | (15,986)  |
| Directors Deferred Remuneration and Management Fees Change         | 6      | 84,458    | (158,566) |
| otal Expenses  |        | (104,367) | (377,123) |
| Operating Profit / (Loss)  | -      | (728,692) | 1,412,111 |
| Net Financing Income   | 3      | 557       | 29,397    |
| Net Profit / (Loss) Before Tax                                     | -      | (728,135) | 1,441,508 |
| ncome Tax Expense  |        | 14        |           |
| Net Profit (Loss) after Tax and Total Comprehensive Income for the | Year   | (728,135) | 1,441,508 |

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO PARTNERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

|   | Note | 2020      | 2019        |
|---|------|-----------|-------------|
|   |      | \$        | \$          |
| Net Assets at the beginning of the Year                                   |      | 1,885,721 | 5,108,388   |
| Net Profit / (Loss) after Tax and Total Comprehensive Income for the Year |      | (728,135) | 1,441,508   |
| WCL Capital   |      | è         | 822         |
| Capital Distribution to Partners  | 10   | -         | (4,663,715) |
| Tax Credit transferred to Partners  |      | (169)     | (1,281)     |
| Net Assets at the end of the Year   |      | 1,157,418 | 1,885,721   |



## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

|   |                | 2020      | 2019      |
|---|----------------|-----------|-----------|
|   | Note           | S         | S         |
| Current Assets  |                |           |           |
| Cash at Bank  |                | 141,484   | 845,470   |
| Trade Receivables   | 5              | 31,933    | 31,933    |
| Sundry Receivables  | 4              | 589,562   | 593,464   |
| GST   |                | 63,563    | 76,275    |
| Land Stock  | 4              | 510,150   | 691,005   |
| Total Current Assets                                      | ±. <del></del> | 1,336,692 | 2,238,148 |
| Total Assets  | _              | 1,336,692 | 2,238,148 |
| Current Liabilities                                       |                |           |           |
| Trade Payables  |                | 19,684    | 101,927   |
| Sundry Payables and Accruals                              |                | 15,501    | 21.954    |
| Unit Holder   |                | 15.971    | 15,971    |
| Deferred Directors Remuneration and Management Fee        | 6              | 128,117   | 212,575   |
| Total Current Liabilities                                 | · —            | 179,273   | 352,427   |
| Total Liabilities excluding Net Assets Attributable to Pa | rtners _       | 179,273   | 352,427   |
| Net Assets Attributable to Partners                       | _              | 1.157.418 | 1,885,721 |
| Total Liabilities and Net Assets Attributable to Partner  | · -            | 1,336,692 | 2.238,148 |

For and on behalf of the Partnership and the Board of Directors

Director:

Date:

12-May-20

Director:

Date:

12-May-20

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

|  |      | 2020           | 2019       |
|--|------|----------------|------------|
|  | Note | \$             | \$         |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities                   |      |                |            |
| Cash was provided from:                                |      |                |            |
| Land revenue   |      | 295,000        | 2,250,000  |
| Other Income   |      | 118            |            |
| Bank Interest Received                                 |      | 387            | 19,111     |
| Interest Received                                      |      | ∆ <del>=</del> | 10,286     |
| GST refunds  |      | 148,265        |            |
|  |      | 443,770        | 2,279,397  |
| Cash was applied to:                                   |      |                |            |
| Bank Charges   |      | (184)          | (279       |
| Payments to Suppliers                                  |      | (1,147,572)    | (687,536   |
| Payments to Directors and Management for Deferred Fees | 6    | <b>√</b>       | (517,002   |
| RWT Tax paid   |      |                | (1,281     |
|  |      | (1,147,756)    | (1,206,098 |
| Net Cash from Operating Activities                     | 8    | (703,986)      | 1,073,299  |
|  |      |                |            |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities                   |      |                |            |
| Cash was provided from:                                |      |                |            |
| Capital Payment Received from Whitby Corporation Ltd   |      | 294            | 822        |
| Net Cash from Investing Activities                     |      | 5 <b>.9</b> 1  | 822        |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities                   |      |                |            |
| Cash was applied to:                                   |      |                |            |
| Capital Payment to Partners                            |      | 20             | (4,647,743 |
| Net Cash used in Financing Activities                  |      | ( <b>#</b> .   | (4,647,743 |
| Net increase/(decrease) in Cash during the year        |      | (703,986)      | (3,573,623 |
| Opening Cash balance                                   |      | 845,470        | 4,419,093  |
| Ending Cash carried forward                            | 3    | 141,484        | 845,470    |
| Comprising:  |      |                |            |
| Cash at Bank   |      | 141,484        | 845,470    |
|  |      | 141,484        | 845,470    |



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### Reporting entity

Silverwood Land 2015 Limited Partnership ("the Partnership"), previously known as Silverwood Forest Corporation Limited and Company - Land Partnership, is a Limited Partnership registered under the Limited Partnerships Act 2008.

The Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 and the Financial Reporting Act 2013 ("the Acts") are effective for the Partnership. Silverwood Corporation Limited registered a Managed Investment Scheme SILVERWOOD LAND 2015 LIMITED PARTNERSHIP (SCH11747) on the 15th of December 2016 and received its Certificate of Registration of Managed Investment Scheme ('MIS') on that date under Clause 14, Schedule 2 of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013. On the 30th of November 2016 the 'Financial Markets Conduct (Silverwood Land 2015 Limited Partnership) Exemption Notice 2016' was received and on the 28th of February 2017 all Unit Holders were sent the required follow up document: 'Reliance on exemptions granted by the Financial Markets Authority' which includes the 'wind up plan' where Silverwood Corporation Limited undertakes to distribute net proceeds before winding up The Partnership on or before 31 March 2022.

Silverwood Corporation Limited ("the Company") is the General Partner of the Partnership and is registered under the Companies Act 1993. Previously known as Silverwood Forest Corporation Limited, the Company is responsible for managing the affairs of the Partnership including preparing the financial statements of the Partnership.

The Partnership is a land owner.

The 2020 financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of the Company on 12 May 2020.

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in New Zealand ("NZ GAAP"). They comply with New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ("NZ IFRS") and other applicable financial reporting standards, as appropriate for forprofit oriented entities. The financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

#### Presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand Dollars (NZD), the Partnership's functional currency.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### Measurement base

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, unless highlighted in the specific accounting policies and notes. The accrual basis of accounting has been used unless otherwise stated and the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with NZ IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Where material, information on significant assumptions and estimates is provided in the relevant accounting policy or is provided in the relevant note.

The estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Subsequent actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Significant judgement or estimation is applied in the following area:

- Land Stock and Land Improvements: Estimation is used to determine the cost per lot of land still owned by the Partnership (see Notes 4).

#### **Specific accounting policies**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated

#### a. Land Stock Improvements

Land Stock Improvements are collectively held as inventory and measured at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Net realisable value is established by independent valuation where appropriate.

#### b. Net Assets Attributable to Partners

These funds consist of Partner units in the Partnership that were used to finance the Partnership, which are subject to certain restrictions per the Silverwood Land 2015 Limited Partnership Deed of Participation.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### Specific accounting policies (continued)

#### c. Revenue

Revenue is measured based on the consideration in a contract with a purchaser and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The partnership recognises revenue when it transfers control over a property to a purchaser.

Revenue on sales Land Stock is recognised when legal title to the land passed to the purchaser. Where the sale of Land Stock has been invoiced to the customer, but legal title to the land had not passed to the customer, GST already paid on behalf of the customer was included within Trade Receivables. The actual recognition of revenue and passage of legal title to the customer occurred simultaneously.

#### d. Financing Income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss as it is earnt, using the effective interest method. Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

#### e. Income Tax

There is no tax payable by the Partnership. Each Partner is individually liable for the tax on their respective share of the income from the Partnership. Following the issue of the Partnership's audited Financial Statements, the Partnership issues its annual Tax Letter to its Unit Holders which sets out the relevant items to declare per unit.

#### f. Goods and Services Tax

All amounts are shown exclusive of Goods and Services Tax (GST), except for receivables and payables that are stated inclusive of GST where applicable.

#### g. Impairment

The carrying amounts of the Partnership's tangible assets are reviewed at each balance date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Estimated recoverable amount is the greater of their fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the estimated recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the asset is written down to its estimated recoverable amount and an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses are reversed when there is a change in the estimated recoverable amount of the asset concerned such that recoverable amount is in excess of current carrying amount. This reversal is also through profit or loss, and the reversal is limited to bringing the asset in question to its original cost.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### Specific accounting policies (continued)

h. Financial instruments

Financial risk management objectives and policies

Classification and measurement of financial assets

The Partnership classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at either amortised cost of fair value depending on the Partnership's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

#### Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities continue to be measured at amortised cost.

#### Changes to impairment of financial assets

The NZ IRFS 9 impairment requirements are based on an expected credit loss model, replacing the incurred loss methodology under NZ IAS 39. The Partnership applies the simplified approach for trade and other receivables, which requires the lifetime expected credit losses to be applied when measuring the loss allowance.

#### Recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Partnership becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments. At initial recognition, financial liabilities are measured at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

- (i) Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held on call with banks, short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts.
- (ii) Receivables and payables are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Due allowance is made for impaired receivables (doubtful debts).

#### i. Cash flows

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents includes cash deposits held at call with banks, net of bank overdrafts.

#### j. Provisions

The Partnership recognises a provision for future expenditure of an uncertain amount or timing where there is a present obligation (either legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that expenditure will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

| 1. NET LAND REVENUE  | 2020<br>\$         | 2019<br>\$             |
|--|--------------------|------------------------|
| Land Sales   | 295,000<br>295,000 | 2,272,562<br>2,272,562 |
| 2 TOTAL EXPENSES   | 2020               | 2019                   |
| Auditor's Remuneration   | \$<br>13,000       | \$<br>10,875           |
| Other assurance cost to Auditor (unitholder register)  | 2,500              | 1,575                  |
| Other Administrative Expenses  | 139,471            | 190,121                |
| Total Administrative and Other Operating Expenses  | 154,971            | 202,571                |
|  |                    |                        |
| Marketing Costs  | 33,854             | 15,986                 |
| Total Marketing Costs  | 33,854             | 15,986                 |
| 3. NET FINANCING INCOME  | 2020               | 2019                   |
| Interest Income  | \$<br>557          | <b>\$</b><br>28,575    |
| Whitby Capital Distribution  | 331<br>2           | 822                    |
| , enpire de la constante de la | 557                | 29,397                 |
| 4. LAND STOCK  | 2020               | 2019                   |
|  | \$                 | \$                     |
| Land Stock held solely by the Partnership  | 510,150            | 691,005                |
|  | 510,150            | 691,005                |

All land held by the Partnership is for sale and is classified as Land Stock and accounted for in accordance with NZ IAS 2 - Inventories.

All remaining Land Stock is currently carried at cost, which is a combination of the Lands deemed cost on transition to NZ IRFS plus subsequent expenditure at cost, after allowance for the disposal of land that has occured since that time.

The Partnership's Land Stock held as at 31 March 2020 carries a cost of \$510,150 (\$691,005 last year) and relates to Lot 1 South and Lot 6.

#### Contingent asset in relation to past Land Stock taken

In 2012, NZTA received Environment Court consent to proceed with the Transmission Gully Motorway including its two Porirua City Council (PCC) Link Roads. On receipt of the Environment Court consent to proceed with the Transmission Gully Motorway, and including the two PCC Link Roads, PCC placed both the James Cook extension and the Waitangirua Link Road on its District Plan, effectively creating PCC designations that affected the land of the Partnership. During the 2015 & 2016 years, NZTA and PCC committed to a Land Take exercise which resulted in a land reduction for the Partnership.

Combined consideration of \$736,262 was received from NZTA/PCC as an advanced payment for the land taken. The Partnership disagreed with the deposit paid by NZTA/PCC and obtained an external valuation from Sheldon and Partners Limited (now Opteon Limited), registered valuers, who in their report dated 20 April 2016, valued the land at \$8.33million plus GST (this was then subsequently increased on 18 December 2017 to \$8.98 million plus GST as a result of information contained in reports provided by PCC).



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The Partnership has made a claim to the Land Valuation Tribunal in December 2018 and this process is under way. In relation to this claim, the Partnership has capitalised certain costs on the basis that the costs are recoverable from NZTA and PCC and the recovery is considered highly probable. These costs of \$589,562 (2019: \$593,464) have been recognised as a sundry receivable in the Statement of Financial Position.

Further compensation is therefore determined possible from PCC and NZTA in relation to this land taken, however the compensation amount is currently unknown and is dependent on the outcome of the claim taken to the Land Valuation Tribunal in December 2018. Due to the uncertainty over the quantum and timing of compensation, this has been disclosed above as a contingent asset and is not reflected in the Statement of Financial Position.

| 5. TRADE RECEIVABLES AND DEFERRED INCOME | 2020   | 2019   |
|--|--------|--------|
|  | \$     | \$     |
| Trade Receivables                        | 31,933 | 31,933 |
|  | 31,933 | 31,933 |



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### 6. DEFERRED DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND MANAGEMENT FEE

Full provision has been made for the estimated liability for Directors Remuneration and Management Fees in the Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Comprehensive Income.

|  | 2020     | 2019      |
|--|----------|-----------|
|  | \$       | \$        |
| Opening balance                                | 212,575  | 567,019   |
| Change during the year through profit and loss | (84,458) | 158,566   |
| Paid during the period                         | Ē        | (517,023) |
| Other  |          | 4,013     |
| Closing balance                                | 128,117  | 212,575   |

A written Remuneration Agreement exists which determines the calculation of this liability, effective 1 April 2006. It was established in consideration for a reduction in Directors' remuneration and fees from that date, such that the Directors each accrue 1/111th of any increase in Partnership Funds from 31 March 2006, and in addition Peter Tiedemann specifically will receive an additional 7/111th of the same amount, after adjusting the increase in Partnership Funds for Capital Repayments to Partners, Resident Withholding Tax, and before taking account of the deferred directors' remuneration and management fees. This agreement was reached following consultations with the Partnership's Solicitor and in agreement with the Statutory Supervisor and was subsequently approved by Partners at the 2007 AGM.

The liability is therefore calculated as 11/111th of the difference between the 31 March 2006 Partnership Funds (\$4,844,773) and the current periods Partnership Funds (\$1,157,418) after adding back Capital Repayments Payable to Partners in the period since 31 March 2006, a total of \$12,607,375 (see Note 10), inclusive of Resident withholding Tax distributed over recent years to Partners, and also adding back the provision movement for these deferred Directors Remuneration and Management Fees of \$84,458 (2019 \$189,866).

The deferred fees are only payable once distributions to Partners have exceeded the Partnership equity as at 31 March 2006, which amounted to \$4,844,773 or \$4,623 per unit of a total of 1,048 units at the time. The 6th Distribution added to earlier distributions and RWT distributed exceed the 31 March 2006 equity.

|  |    | 2020        | 2019        |
|--|----|-------------|-------------|
|  |    | \$          |             |
| Equity at 31 March                                   |    | 1,157,418   | 1,885,721   |
| Distributions (see Note 10)                          |    | 12,607,375  | 12,607,206  |
| Deferred fees paid or provided for so far added back | -  | 981,202     | 1,064,841   |
| Total Equity before distributions and deferred fees  |    | 14,745,995  | 15,557,768  |
| Less 1 April 2006 Equity                             |    | (4,844,773) | (4,844,773) |
| Amount subject to deferred fee calculation           |    | 9,901,222   | 10,712,995  |
|  |    |             |             |
| 11/111 for total deferred fees                       |    | 981,202     | 1,061,648   |
| Other  |    |             | 4,013       |
| Deferred fees paid so far                            |    | (853,085)   | (853,085)   |
| Provision for future deferred fees                   | \$ | 128,117     | 212,576     |
|  |    |             |             |



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### 7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### i) Related Party Relationships

The Partnership considers the Directors to be related parties of the Partnership, along with any businesses in which the Directors of the Partnership (or close family relations thereof) have significant influence, including the parties whose transactions are noted below.

#### ii) Related Party Transactions

During the year the Partnership obtained consultancy services and disbursements from suppliers who are related parties by virtue of common control and directorships. The values of the transactions were as follows:

| Payments made by the Partnership to its directors:     | Director        | 2020     | 2019    |
|--|-----------------|----------|---------|
| Aratas Consulting Services Limited -dir. fee           | M Johnson       | 5,157    | 10,161  |
| Aratas Consulting Services Limited -FMA & exp          | M Johnson       | 2,866    | 973     |
| Aratas Consulting Services Limited - Deferred Fee      | M Johnson       | *        | 46,637  |
| Peter Bould CA Limited -dir. fee                       | P Bould         | 10,314   | 10,161  |
| Peter Bould CA Limited-FMA & exp                       | P Bould         | 1,726    | 2,077   |
| Peter Bould CA Limited - Deferred Fee                  | P Bould         | <u>~</u> | 46,637  |
| Tiedemann & Partners for administration                | P Tiedemann     | 31,782   | 33,447  |
| Wholesale Products Trading Limited -dir. fee           | P Tiedemann     | 10,314   | 10,161  |
| Wholesale Products Trading Limited -FMA & exp          | P Tiedemann     | 97,135   | 148,619 |
| Wholesale Products Trading Limited - LVT Land Court Co | sts P Tiedemann | 85,673   | 10,529  |
| Wholesale Products Trading Limited - Deferred Fee      | P Tiedemann     |          | 373,097 |
| Valley Management Services Limited -dir. fee           | T Loveday       | 10,314   | 10,161  |
| Valley Management Services Limited -FMA & exp          | T Loveday       | 4,007    | 1,872   |
| Valley Management Services Limited -Deferred Fee       | T Loveday       | -        | 46,637  |
|  |                 | 259,286  | 751,171 |

During the year the Partnership also incurred costs of \$25,102 (2019:\$42,364) from Finder Keepers Associates (related to Peter Bould through a close family member). There was \$9,957 outstanding as at 31st March 2020 (2019: Nil). Other transactions with related parties are disclosed as appropriate within these financial statements.

iii) Distribution to Partners: In 2020 we declared no distributions (two in 2019) and paid no related deferred fees to directors as per note 6 and note 10. On 31 March 2020 all unit holders, except for one that has not completed requested data, had been paid all their distributions.

#### 8. RECONCILIATION OF NET PROFIT / (LOSS) WITH CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

|  | 2020            | 2019            |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Net Profit / (Loss) for the year   | \$<br>(728,135) | \$<br>1,441,508 |
| Adjustment for items included in Net Profit / (Loss) with no cash flow effect: | <b>\</b>        | ,               |
| Capital payment and dividend received  |                 | 822             |
|  |                 | 822             |
| Impact of changes in working capital items:                                    |                 |                 |
| Movement in Land Stock   | 180,855         | 384,395         |
| Movement in Trade and Other Receivables  | 16,614          | (362,023)       |
| Movement in Trade Payables, Other Payables and Accruals                        | (88,861)        | (37,677)        |
| Deferred Directors' Remuneration and Management Fees                           | (84,459)        | (353,725)       |
| Net cash from operating activities   | (703,986)       | 1,073,299       |



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### 9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Partnership has a number of financial instruments in the course of its normal activities. Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the bases of measurement and the basis on which revenues and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset and financial liability are disclosed in the accounting policies.

#### i) Fair Value

The estimated fair value of the Partnership's financial instruments equals the carrying values. This applies to all bank balances, receivables, payables and loans. Accordingly no comparison is made between the fair values and carrying values for any class of financial instrument.

#### ii) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Partnership will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Partnership's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and adverse conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damaging the Partnership's reputation.

#### iii) Credit Risk

Financial instruments that expose the Partnership to the most significant credit risk consist of Trade Receivables and Sundry Receivables. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying value of each financial asset in the Statement of Financial Position which is net of any recognised provision for losses on those financial instruments.

#### iv) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that interest rate changes will adversely affect the Partnership's results. This is not considered to be significant to the Partnership.

#### 9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### v) Market Risk

The main market risk, being the demand for and valuation of commercial land, does not significantly impact the Partnership's financial instruments.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### 10. DISTRIBUTION TO PARTNERS

In the 1990 Prospectus the original Silverwood Land Partnership issued 262 units. In the 2003 Prospectus a further 262 units were issued followed by a one for one bonus issue, i.e. 1,048 units were issued. On 1 December 2017 Silverwood units were split 1000 for 1 and the total units issued rose to 1,048,000. On 7 December 2017 Silverwood's 50% unit holder liquidated and passed its 524,000 units to its shareholders in proportion to their shareholding. As a consequence Silverwood had to cancel the units it received in itself (34,149) leaving 1,013,851 Silverwood units on issue. Over the life of the Partnership total distributions that have been declared to-date add to \$12,607,206, which is \$12.43 per unit as per table below and represents eight times the \$1.55 price paid per unit.

|  | Total (\$)    | ре | er Unit (\$) | p/N | NEW unit(\$) |
|--|---------------|----|--------------|-----|--------------|
| # of Silverwood units issued           |               |    | 1048         |     | 1,013,851    |
| Nol 2 Dec 2018 - Paid                  | 1,622,161     | \$ | 1,548        | \$  | 1.60000      |
| Nol I May 2018- Paid                   | 3,041,553     | \$ | 10,416       | \$  | 3.0000       |
| NoI 0 Nov2017 - Paid                   | 524,000       | \$ | 500          | \$  | 0.5168       |
| No 9 Mar 2017 -Paid                    | 681,200       | \$ | 650          | \$  | 0.6719       |
| No 8 Dec 2016 - Paid                   | 1,048,000     | \$ | 1,000        | \$  | 1.0337       |
| No 7 Mar 2016 - Paid                   | 838,400       | \$ | 800          | \$  | 0.8269       |
| No 6 Mar 2016 - Paid                   | 1,089,920     | \$ | 1,040        | \$  | 1.0750       |
| No 5 Dec 2015 - Paid                   | 1,310,000     | \$ | 1,250        | \$  | 1.2921       |
| No 4 Sep 2015 - Paid                   | 366,800       | \$ | 350          | \$  | 0.3618       |
| No 3 Apr 2015 - Paid                   | 419,200       | \$ | 400          | \$  | 0.4135       |
| No 2 Jul 2013 - Paid                   | 1,100,400     | \$ | 1,050        | \$  | 1.0854       |
| No 1 Jul 2010 - Paid                   | 524,000       | \$ | 500          | \$  | 0.5168       |
| RWT Distributed to 31 March 2019       | 41,572        | \$ | 38           | \$  | 0.0410       |
| RWT to distribute for the current year | 169           |    |              | \$  | 0.0002       |
| Total distributed in cash and RWT      | \$ 12,607,375 | \$ | 19,542       | \$  | 12.4351      |

#### 11. COMMITMENTS

There are no capital and lease commitments as at 31 March 2020.

#### 12. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER BALANCE DATE

Covid-19 has meant that the Transmission Motorway construction has stopped and the Land Valuation Tribunal has indefinely postponed hearing our claims from 11 May 2020. These events mean Silverwood has applied to the FMA to extended the wind up date to 31 March 2022. There are no other significant events after 31 March 2020 balance date.

#### 13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are no contingent liabilities as at the 31st of March 2020.

